HOUSE BILL No. 1604

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 7.1-6-2-6; IC 35-46-1.

Synopsis: Tobacco product enforcement. Removes the requirement that specified amounts of the money in the youth tobacco education and enforcement fund be used for specified purposes. Amends the definition of "distribute" for purposes of the youth tobacco laws. Allows the Indiana alcoholic beverage commission to retain an attorney to collect civil penalties relating to the sale, distribution, and possession of tobacco products by minors that have been assessed but that have not been paid. Allows the Indiana alcoholic beverage commission to provide alternative words for notices that are required to be posted on vending machines and retail establishments that sell tobacco.

Effective: July 1, 2001.

Hasler

January 17, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development.





2001

First Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2001)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2000 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1604

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 7.1-6-2-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.177-1999, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 6. (a) The youth tobacco education and enforcement fund is established. The fund shall be administered by the commission.
- (b) Expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund.
- (c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested.
- (d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
 - (e) Money in the fund shall be used for the following purposes:
 - (1) One-third (1/3) of the money in the fund for Youth smoking prevention education. The commission may contract with the state department of health or the office of the secretary of family and social services for youth smoking prevention education programs.



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1	(2) One-third (1/3) of the money in the fund for Education and
2	training of retailers who sell tobacco products. The commission
3	may contract with education and training programs of the office
4	of the secretary of family and social services, the division of
5	mental health, enforcement officers, or a program approved by the
6	commission.
7	(3) One-third (1/3) of the money in the fund to For the
8	commission for enforcement of youth tobacco laws.
9	SECTION 2. IC 35-46-1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.177-1999,
.0	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
.1	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 10. (a) A person who knowingly sells or
2	distributes tobacco to a person less than eighteen (18) years of age
.3	commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this
4	section, the buyer must pay the seller for the tobacco product.
. 5	(b) It is not a defense that the person to whom the tobacco was sold
6	or distributed did not smoke, chew, or otherwise consume the tobacco.
.7	(c) The following defenses are available to a person accused of
8	selling or distributing tobacco to a person who is less than eighteen
9	(18) years of age:
20	(1) The buyer or recipient produced a driver's license bearing the
21	purchaser's or recipient's photograph, showing that the purchaser
22	or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
23	(2) The buyer or recipient produced a photographic identification
24	card issued under IC 9-24-16-1, or a similar card issued under the
25	laws of another state or the federal government, showing that the
26	purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
27	(3) The appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an
28	ordinary prudent person would believe that the purchaser or
29	recipient was not less than the age that complies with regulations
30	promulgated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
31	(d) It is a defense that the accused person sold or delivered the
32	tobacco to a person who acted in the ordinary course of employment or
33	a business concerning tobacco:
34	(1) agriculture;
35	(2) processing;
86	(3) transporting;
37	(4) wholesaling; or
88	(5) retailing.
39	(e) As used in this section, "distribute" means to give tobacco to
10	another person. as a means of promoting, advertising, or marketing the
1	tobacco to the general public.
12	(f) Unless a person have or receives tobacco under the direction of



1	a law enforcement officer as part of an enforcement action, a person
2	who sells or distributes tobacco is not liable for a violation of this
3	section unless the person less than eighteen (18) years of age who
4	bought or received the tobacco is issued a citation or summons under
5	section 10.5 of this chapter.
6	(g) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), civil penalties collected under
7	this section must be deposited in the youth tobacco education and
8	enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).
9	(h) If a person is assessed a civil penalty for violating this section
10	and fails to pay the penalty within thirty (30) days after final
11	judgment, the Indiana alcoholic beverage commission may retain
12	an attorney to collect the penalty along with costs and reasonable
13	attorney's fees.
14	SECTION 3. IC 35-46-1-10.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.14-2000,
15	SECTION 72, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 10.2. (a) A retail establishment that sells or
17	distributes tobacco to a person less than eighteen (18) years of age
18	commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this
19	section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the tobacco
20	product. Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an
21	infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows:
22	(1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
23	not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this
24	section in the previous ninety (90) days, a civil penalty of fifty
25	dollars (\$50).
26	(2) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
27	had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this
28	section in the previous ninety (90) days, a civil penalty of one
29	hundred dollars (\$100).
30	(3) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
31	had two (2) citations or summonses issued for a violation of this
32	section in the previous ninety (90) days, a civil penalty of two
33	hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
34	(4) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
35	had three (3) or more citations or summonses issued for a
36	violation of this section in the previous ninety (90) days, a civil
37	penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500).
38	A retail establishment may not be issued a citation or summons for a
39	violation of this section more than once every twenty-four (24) hours
40	for each specific business location.
41	(b) It is not a defense that the person to whom the tobacco was sold
42	or distributed did not smoke, chew, or otherwise consume the tobacco.



1	(c) The following defenses are available to a retail establishment
2	accused of selling or distributing tobacco to a person who is less than
3	eighteen (18) years of age:
4	(1) The buyer or recipient produced a driver's license bearing the
5	purchaser's or recipient's photograph showing that the purchaser
6	or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
7	(2) The buyer or recipient produced a photographic identification
8	card issued under IC 9-24-16-1 or a similar card issued under the
9	laws of another state or the federal government showing that the
10	purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
11	(3) The appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an
12	ordinary prudent person would believe that the purchaser or
13	recipient was not less than the age that complies with regulations
14	promulgated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
15	(d) It is a defense that the accused retail establishment sold or
16	delivered the tobacco to a person who acted in the ordinary course of
17	employment or a business concerning tobacco:
18	(1) agriculture;
19	(2) processing;
20	(3) transporting;
21	(4) wholesaling; or
22	(5) retailing.
23	(e) As used in this section, "distribute" means to give tobacco to
24	another person. as a means of promoting, advertising, or marketing the
25	tobacco to the general public.
26	(f) Unless a person buys or receives tobacco under the direction of
27	a law enforcement officer as part of an enforcement action, a retail
28	establishment that sells or distributes tobacco is not liable for a
29	violation of this section unless the person less than eighteen (18) years
30	of age who bought or received the tobacco is issued a citation or
31	summons under section 10.5 of this chapter.
32	(g) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), civil penalties collected under
33	this section must be deposited in the youth tobacco education and
34	enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).
35	(h) If a retail establishment is assessed a civil penalty for
36	violating this section and fails to pay the penalty within thirty (30)
37	days after final judgment, the Indiana alcoholic beverage
38	commission may retain an attorney to collect the penalty along
39	with costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
40	SECTION 4. IC 35-46-1-10.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person less
42	than eighteen (18) years of age who:
T	man eighteen (10) years of age will.



1	(1) purchases tobacco;
2	(2) accepts tobacco for personal use; or
3	(3) possesses tobacco on his person;
4	commits a Class C infraction.
5	(b) It is a defense under subsection (a) that the accused person acted
6	in the ordinary course of employment in a business concerning tobacco:
7	(1) agriculture;
8	(2) processing;
9	(3) transporting;
10	(4) wholesaling; or
11	(5) retailing.
12	(c) If a person is assessed a civil penalty for violating this section
13	and fails to pay the penalty within thirty (30) days after final
14	judgment, the Indiana alcoholic beverage commission may retain
15	an attorney to collect the penalty along with costs and reasonable
16	attorney's fees.
17	SECTION 5. IC 35-46-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 11. (a) A tobacco
19	vending machine that is located in a public place must bear a
20	conspicuous notice reading as follows, with the capitalization
21	indicated: "If you are under 18 years of age, YOU ARE FORBIDDEN
22	by Indiana law to buy tobacco from this machine.".
23	(b) A person who owns or has control over a tobacco vending
24	machine in a public place and who:
25	(1) fails to post the notice required by subsection (a) on his
26	vending machine; or
27	(2) fails to replace the notice within one (1) month after it is
28	removed or defaced;
29	commits a Class C infraction.
30	(c) An establishment selling tobacco at retail shall post and maintain
31	in a conspicuous place a sign, printed in letters at least one-half $(1/2)$
32	inch high, reading as follows: "The sale of tobacco to persons under 18
33	years of age is forbidden by Indiana law.".
34	(d) A person who:
35	(1) owns or has control over an establishment selling tobacco at
36	retail; and
37	(2) fails to post and maintain the sign required by subsection (c);
38	commits a Class C infraction.
39	(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (c), the Indiana
40	alcoholic beverage commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
41	provide alternative words for notices required by subsections (a)



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and (c).